DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

NEWS DISPATCHES FROM THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

VOLUME 9. MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1918 NO. 41.

HOME GUARDS GAME

FIRST AND SECOND PLATOONS TO PLAY MONDAY EVENING.

BENEFIT OF MESS FUND

After the Game, a Drill Will Be Put on by the Company—Game at the Normal Athletic Park.

The baseball game between the first and second platoons of the Maryville Home Guards will be staged Monday evening at the State Normal Athletic Park, at 6:30 o'clock. A good game is promised. A silver offering will be taken for the benfit of the mess fund of the company. Ladies will be admitted free.

After the ball game the Home Guards will put on a drill. The game will be over in time so as to attend the picture show at the Empire, "The Kaiser, the Beast of Berlin."

Lieut. Palfreyman is the captain of the ball team of the first platoon while A. W. Hoover is in charge of the team for the second platoon.

The probable lineup of the first platoon follows:

George Palfreyman, pitcher; Eugene Yehle, catcher; Sherman Montgomery, first base; Dick Tulloch, second base; Bert Raines, third base; Delmar Coffman, shortstop; Ed Gray, left field; Guy Henry, center field; A. N. Somerville, right field; reinforcements, L. G. Schumacher, Arch Frank, Dr. W. W. Turner, Ed C. Curfman.

The lineup of the second platoon is: Walter Wray, pitcher; E. M. Claypool, catcher; Fred Newlon, first base; W. H. Allen, second base; A. W. Hoover, shortstop; Cleav Funk, third base; "Ty Cobb" Ellison, Fred Wolfers and Clarence Vogt, in the outfield. Their reinforcements will be Edgar Rhodes, Martin Lewis, Fred P. Robinson.

On Way Home.

Mrs. G. R. Cornelius, who has been spending several weeks in Camp Upton, N. Y., with her husband, Lieut. Cornelius, arrived in St. Louis yesterday, where she will remain for a several days' visit with relatives before returning to Maryville.

Home From St. Louis.

John Murrin, who has been spending several days in St. Louis with his son, John Owen Murrin, and also on a business trip, returned last night to Maryville.

Nephew Killed in France.

LeGrange Hayne, a nephew of Mrs. D. E. McDonald, was killed in action in France June 14, according to word recently received by Mrs. McDonald.

Miss Helen Hudson went to Hopkins last night to spend the week-end with Miss Gladys Pennington.

ToNight

In the Big Tent

DUBINSKY BROS. STOCK CO.

The Scapegoat of the Family

Hawaiian Orchestra.

3 Vaudeville Features

Prices: 10c and 30c

A few reserved, 10c extra.

Be There Tonight Sure.

198 TODAY'S CASUALTY LIST

Of This Number, 78 Are on the Marine List—Lieut. Roosevelt Given as Missing on Today's List.

Washington, July 20.—One hundred and twenty are reported on the casualty list this morning. Sixteen were killed in action, fifteen died of wounds, eleven of disease, one from airplane accident, thirteen from accident, and other causes, fifty-seven severely wounded, and one the degree is undetermined, six missing in action. Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt is among the missing.

Seventy-eight names are on the marine list. Seven were killed in action, one died from wounds, one from disease, forty-five wounded severely, two slightly wounded, two were captured, and twenty-two are missing.

RECEIVES PART OF ESTATE

Members of Wright, Job, Richardson and Young Families to Get Share in an Estate of $6,800.

Members of the Wright, Richardson, Young and Job families in this county will receive a share of an estate left by Mrs. Lida Owen and her husband, Mordecal Owen, who died recently at Lebanon, Ind. The estate is valued at $6,800, and is to be divided among forty-nine nephews and nieces. John W. Honaday, an attorney of Lebanon, Ind., was in Maryville this week relative to the distribution of the estate among the Nodaway county relatives.

Misses Gusta and Anna Eckhouse and Miss Bertha Bolting went to Conception today to visit over Sunday with Mrs. Eckhouse.

Miss Belle Sherlock, of Des Moines, Ia., will arrive in Maryville tonight for a visit with relatives.

ARE MANY VISITORS

SEVERAL SKIDMORE BOYS JOIN WITH BOY SCOUTS IN CAMP.

IT IS A GREAT LIFE

Blanket Tossing, Military Drill and Swimming Are the Diversions—Visitors Expected Sunday.

With the Nodaway Scouts, in Camp, July 18.—Bright skies came this morning after the rain, and with them about twenty-five Skidmore boys, accompanied by J. O. Miller and Frank Barrett. They brought tents and grub and prepared to make camp alongside the Burlington Junction troop. The scouts were expecting them and the whole bunch joined in a rousing yell of greeting that went like this:

Well, well, well,
Look whose here;
Bunch from Skidmore
On high gear.

They'll be Scouts,
Good ones, too,
Hurrah! fellows!
We're strong for you.

The Skidmore boys expect to organize a scout troop while in camp.

The following Skidmore boys are in camp: William Oakerson, Raymond Oakerson, Earl King, Edson Hoblitzel, Francis Medsker, Denton Peoples, Francis Bagley, Harry Peters, Vernon Goslee, George Beverlin, Harold Monk, Harry Lyle, Raymond Martin, Hiram Montgomery, Vernon Barrett, Donald York.

(Continued on page 2.)

A FOOD DEMONSTRATOR HERE

Representative From State Food Conservation Bureau to Instruct Women Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Freestrom, demonstrator from Mo. State University, Columbia, sent by the State Food Conservation Bureau, will be in Maryville Monday and Tuesday of next week to instruct the women in the second half of the government home-training course, which will be devoted to canning and conserving of fruits and vegetables.

Miss Bertha Beal, county chairman, received word today that the demonstrator would spend next week working in Nodaway county.

Demonstrations will be given in Maryville Monday and Tuesday afternoons in the basement of the Elks Club, beginning at 2:30 o'clock. All women registered in the training course are requested to be prompt in attendance, as the demonstrations will occupy a full three hours.

The government experts have recommended the cold-pack and drying methods, and there is less spoilage incurred when these two methods are used. The government demonstrator will give full instructions next week on these two methods.

The county classes will be instructed as follows: Barnard, on Wednesday afternoon; Burlington Junction, Thursday afternoon; Skidmore, Friday afternoon, and Parnell, Saturday afternoon.

Miss Freestrom will give a demonstration at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning at the Normal, and any one who wishes may attend. The demonstration will be on the canning of meats.

Miss Hazel Lake, of Omaha, will arrive in Maryville tomorrow night to visit her mother, Mrs. Alice Lake.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO DRIVE BACK THE HUNS

EVEN THE PRESENCE OF GERMAN RESERVES WAS UNABLE TO STEM THE ADVANCE OF FRANCO—AMERICAN FORCES.

NEUILLY ST. FRONT WAS TAKEN BY THE ALLIES

American Troops Are Making Progress on the Counter Offensive Between Aisne and Marne and the Captured Ground Includes Nine Villages.

Paris, July 20.—There has been no diminishing in vigor of the French and American counter offensive between Aisne and Marne. Even the presence of the German reserves was unable to stem the allied advance. Last night the French and Americans continued the assault over a greater part of the front, making appreciable gain in the center and taking Neuilly St. Front. The pressure of the allied counter offensive has been extended to the western wing of the German front, south of the Marne. The French are pressing the Teutons back between Fossoy and Ouilly.

London, July 20. — The captured ground in the latest Franco-American offensive on the Aisne-Marne includes nine villages.

Washington, July 20.—American troops continue to make progress in the counter offensive between the Aisne and Marne, General Pershing reported in his communique today. It contained the names of five officers and men awarded the distinguished service cross.

Amsterdam, July 20.—That the Franco-American forces that opened the counter offensive between Aisne and Marne broke through at some points, is admitted in semi-official report issued by Berlin. The statement claims reserves brought up held the enemy.

Washington, July 20.—Six American divisions of two hundred thousand men are co-operating with the French in participating in the fighting before Soissons, General March announced today in his weekly statement. He also confirmed there ports of the capture of 17,000 Germans and 360 guns. The official reports do not show the capture of Soissons.

Paris, July 20.—Soissons on the Aisne, one of the chief objectives of the Franco-American counter offensive on the Aisne-Marne front, was recaptured from the Germans, it was reported here from the scene of action.

Soissons stands on the northern end of the front over which General Foch began his counter drive Thursday. The entrance of the Americans, who advanced on both sides of the Aisne, brought the city under heavy artillery fire.

Paris, July 20.—The Americans on the Aisne-Marne front made from eight to fifteen attacks and counter attacks which continued throughout the night along the Franco-American counter offensive. This the third day is considered a crucial one. The Franco-American advance put long range German guns emplaced along the Fere en Tardenois railway under fire of the Allies six inch howisters. Aerial observers report the Germans are moving back mommoth pieces.

London, July 20.—As a result of successful operations in the Meteren sector on the Flanders front, the British advanced their lines over a width of four thousand yards, the war office announced. The prisoners now total 436. A successful raid at Beaumont Hamel pushed forward the line south of Hebuterne.

Paris, July 20.—Notwithstanding the fact tha tthe Germans have thrown large reinforcements into the new battle line between Soissons and the region of Chateau Thierry, they nowhere thus far have been able to stem the tide of the onslaughts the American and French troops are making against them. Friday saw the Americans and French batter their way further eastward into the deep triangul-

(Continued on page 4.)

Feature Tonight

Empire Theatre

11 and 17 cents

Blue Bird Photoplays, with

VIOLET MERSEREAU

Dainty little beauty, in

Morgan's Raiders

A big drama of love and the lost cause.

THE WEATHER

Generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer Sunday.

NO MORE OVERDRAFTS

We can no longer violate, with impunity, the laws of the State which prohibit overdrafts. Therefore,

On and After August 1, 1918

we will refuse absolutely to honor the check of any man, woman, firm or corporation, the payment of which would overdraw the account. This means all. There are no exceptions.

We regret that such drastic action is necessary, but the least any bank or individual can do is to be law abiding. This we have notbeen heretofore.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
By Joseph Jackson, President.

REAL ESTATE BANK
By George B. Baker, President.

NODAWAY VALEY BANK
By James B. Robinson, President.

FARMERS TRUST COMPANY
By W. C. Pierce, Vice-President.

Senator X. P. Wilfley
of St. Louis

Will address the citizens of Nodaway County at the

Court House
in Maryville
—on—

Wednesday,
July 24, at 5 p.m.

In the interest of his candidacy for the Democratic nomination as United States Senator. Every citizen of the county is cordially invited to attend.

"The KAISER The Beast of Berlin"

Empire Theatre, Monday, July 22

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

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Largest Circulation in Nodaway County

FOR CONGRESS.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for renomination as member of Congress from the Fourth Congressional District of Missouri, subject to the action of the Democratic primary August 6, 1918.

CHARLES F. BOOHER.

FOR PRESIDING JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for nomination as presiding judge, subject to the action of the Democratic primary August 6, 1918.

S. H. WILLIAMS.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself as a Democratic candidate for the nomination for presiding judge of the County Court, subject to the decision of voters at the primary to be held August 6 1918. W. M. BLACKFORD.

The casualty lists of Americans may be expected to grow rapidly now, that we have a real army abroad. It is a regretable fact that, with our increased strength in the war must also come increased losses. Our casualty lists have been light so far. England has suffered losses of from 15,000 to 40,000 every week, and in France the losses are not published. Missouri especially must be prepared for heavier losses. From a review of the casualty lists it is evident that so far our boys have not been heavily engaged, unless within the last few days, but the time is not far distant when we must be prepared to suffer as other states are suffering, and we may as well steel ourselves for what is coming. As the lists of the dead and wounded increase from one or two columns to whole pages of the daily press, the cost of the war will become more and more apparent and the national resolution to win will be more and more determined.

SELF-MADE EXILES.

Liberty loans, Red Cross and thrift stamp drives disclose in nearly every community certain obstinate slackers. They are so few nowadays that they at once become notorious and are pointed out—like the man with the rubber ear and the armless boy—dismal freaks standing in sharp contrast to normal humanity.

Very rarely are they Pro-German. Pro-Germanism does not advertise itself now in that conspicuous way. Mostly they are grouches and sponges. Their simple psychology is that of a pig in a clover patch. While the feeding is good, nothing less than the impact of a rock against the ribs or of a scantling on the spinal column will inspire them to move on. So long as somebody else will keep the boat going they will neither bail nor row. They are the cross-grain, billious sort which nurses all real or fancied grievances against the community in general.

Small as their number is, they raise an irritating problem. The community's feeling toward them is like the feeling of men who have been volunteering to put out a fire toward the able-bodied citizen who refuse to lend a hand, but perched on a horse block at a safe distance, watch their efforts with amused interest. The inclination to throw a brick in his direction is strong and natural. But it must be resisted.

There is nothing to be done with these obstinate slackers except to let them extensively alone. No man can thrive on the contempt of the community in which he lives. They must find that out. The man who is well able to lend a hand now and refuses to do it, voluntarily exiles himself from the sympathy and respect of his neighbors. Let his own judgment upon himself as an exile stand in the future.—Saturday Evening Post.

Society and Clubland

By MISS LUTA MOODY
Hanamo Phone 42. Farmers 114

Dinner Party at Arkoe.

Mrs. James Brenniker and daughter, Olivette Ewing, Mrs. Dick Strong and son, Buster, Mrs. Mary Livasy were dinner guests yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Vickery, of Arkoe.

For Son Who Goes to Funston.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Wright entertained about fifty young people Thursday night at their home west of Skidmore in honor of their son, Ralph, who leaves Thursday with a contingent of men for Camp Funston, Kan. Various games and music furnished amusement for the evening. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess.

Met With Odette Wilderman.

The Standard Bearers of the First Methodist church met last night at the home of Miss Odette Wilderman, with Miss Justine Fraser assistant hostess. Those taking part in the program were Thelma Craig and Mariena Lambert. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostesses. About eighteen members were present.

Children's Party.

Mrs. Harry Russell of Skidmore was hostess to about twenty-five little boys and girls, from 3 till 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The affair was given in honor of her two little sons, Donald and Franklin. The afternoon passed merrily away with games. Light refreshments were served by the hostess, assisted by Miss Florence Russell of Bedford, Iowa.

Maryville Girl Weds.

Miss Vernie Woodard, daughter of Frank Woodard, of Maryville, and N. E. Butcher, were married Wednesday afternoon at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Earl Phillips, of St. Joseph. Mr. and Mrs. Butcher left for a visit with relatives in Oklahoma. They will make their home in St. Joseph.

Entertained at Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Cook and daughter, Elizabeth, entertained at dinner Wednesday, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Griffith and sons Gerald and Eugene, of St. Joseph. Mr. Griffith is a teacher in the Benton High School.

Entertained on Her Birthday.

Miss Meredith Stevens celebrated her twentieth birthday by entertaining some of her friends Thursday night at her home in Skidmore. The evening was spent in a social manner. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess. The guests included: Misses Ella Manchester, May Coston, Marguerite Weddle, Ella Merritt, Dale Coston, Bertha Parrish; Maurice Rozelle, Howard Masters, Frank Coston, Willie Bagby, Marvin Hitchcock, Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Hamilton and Mr. and Mrs. Walter McClelland.

Toilers' Auxiliary.

The Toilers' auxiliary of the Red Cross, at their meeting this week, completed 82 4x8 compresses, 300 2x2 wipes, and two pairs of knitted socks were turned in by Mrs. Kate Brown. The members present at the meeting were: Mrs. Ora Freece, Mrs. Mary Ellsworth, Mrs. Kate Brown, Misses Mary and Martha Freece, Birdie Popham, Minnie Fox, Rose Shinabargar, The visitors were: Mrs. Fred Fox, Mrs. J. B. Shinabargar, Roberta Freece and Roena Shinabargar.

Mowry W. W. Club.

The Mowry W. W. Club met at the home of Mrs. Frank Hinton Wednesday, July 17. A very interesting program was given by the children present and was as follows: Recitation, Hildred Hinton; recitation, Blanche Adell Hinton; solo, Glenna Casey; recitation, Helen Rickard; recitation, Loren Runnels; recitation, Eldena Runnels; recitation Ruth Hinton; duet, Lillian and Florence Noakes. Those present: Mrs. Hugh McClurg and daughter, Ethel, Mrs. Albert Hinton and daughter, Wanda, Mrs. Marion Rickard and children, Mrs. Will Noakes and children, Mrs. Otis Casey and daughter, Glenna, Mrs. George Byers and little son, George, Mrs. Parl Runnels, Mrs. Walter Runnels and children, Mrs. Frank Hinton and children. The club decided to accept an invitation to a picnic given during August by the Social Hour club.

Show Here Another Week.

The show at Dubinsky Bros'. tent was well attended last night. Tonight, "The Scape Goat of the Family" will be offered. This is a first-class bill and should draw a large crowd. Barney Dubinsky announces that the company will remain for another week's run. A list of real plays will be featured next week.

June Blagg, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Blagg, visited at home last night. He stopped in Maryville while en route from a camp in New Jersey to Camp Funston, Kan.

ARE MANY VISITORS

(Continued from page 1.)

Following the Skidmore bunch, came a flock of visitors in cars from Maryville, Maitland and Burlington Junction. Among them were: Mr. and Mrs. Godsey and family, and W. A. Townsend and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Baker, Rev. R. C. Holliday, Mrs. G. H. Colbert, Mrs. Arthur M. Crooke, Mrs. M. A. Peery and Louise Peery, E. T. Dale and wife, Mrs. Willoughby, Mr. and Mrs. Pearle Logan, Mr. and Mrs. Twaddell, Mr. Knepper, of Maitland; Fletcher Jones and a number of others.

The scouts had the time of their lives this evening after the instruction hour, when Assistant Scoutmaster Richard Zarn, of Burlington Junction, introduced them to the game of blanket tossing and cat and mouse. In the tossing nearly every scout in camp went up in the air. The whole bunch took part in the cat and mouse game, even to the scoutmasters. The visitors enjoyed the games even more than the scouts.

Rev. Holliday held the close attention of the scouts in a short talk of Western experiences, in which greasers, cowboys and cliff dwellers figured and descriptions of heroic acts brought cheers and applause.

This morning Assistant Scoutmaster Frank Green took a bunch on an animal and nature hike, securing specimens of some of the native animals and learning something of tree and plant life of this section.

The scouts are taking to military training like fish to water, and when nothing else is doing, there is always a bunch urging Drillmaster Zarn to teach them squad formation and drill movements.

About the biggest event of the day comes when the detail for supplies goes to Skidmore. This morning, with Leon Noel, of Maitland, in charge of the detail of eight scouts, orders came thick and fast for candy, pop, bathing suits, post cards, and orders to replace something that had been lost, with the camp banker getting out nickels and dimes until the supply of small change was exhausted. And then a rush when they were sighted coming back.

The hospital department is still doing business with "chigger" bites and cuts, poison ivy, an occasional case of cramps, headache and other kindred boy ailments. So far, nothing serious has developed, and much surprise has been shown by the visitors at the precautions taken and care exercised in looking after the health and sanitation of the camp.

The scouts experienced their first campfire last night, and gathered about a big blaze of logs. Cook John Gooden started the ball rolling with some bear and "pullet" stories, winding up with riddles. Stories were told by Scouts Ned Colbert, Paul Shadduck, Assistant Scoutmaster Frank Green, Assistant Scoutmaster Richard Zarn, and Scoutmaster A. M. Crooke. Old and new songs were sung, including some of the new army favorites, and the boys were loth to leave the fireside when tattoo call sounded.

Tomorrow afternoon at swimming hour, races and diving contests were announced on the headquarters bulletin board, and on Saturday afternoon the two Maryville troops will contest in a track and field meet, with the Burlington Junction, Maitland and Skidmore troops.

Mail for the camp is getting heavy, the mail detail today returning with a haversack filled with letters and packages. Every scout is required to write home at least every other day, and the outgoing mail is also of considerable size.

Sunday afternoon and evening a big crowd of visitors is expected from all the surrounding towns. In the afternoon Rev. C. Emerson Miller, of the Maryville Christian church, has promised to entertain the scouts with a talk, while the Burlington Junction Orchestra is expected to be on hand for a concert. In the evening a special program has been arranged for both the visitors and scouts.

HAD A RAINY TIME

HOWEVER IT DIDN'T KEEP BOY SCOUTS FROM SWIMMING.

THE CAMP EXPERIENCES

Mess Three Times a Day Is Not Enough by About Double to the Average Scout.

With the Nodaway Boy Scouts, in Camp, July 18.—Rain, rain, rain. The third day in camp found the scouts "digging in," except when mess call sounded. To the average scout mess three times a day is not enough by about double the number. However, the rain, which began Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock, and lasted all day, did not find them unprepared. Following the scout motto of "Be Prepared," all tents were ditched, the kitchen put under shelter, the commissary supplies guarded against water, and barring a few hikes that had to be postponed, the routine of camp went on without interruption. Camping in the rain was a new experience to many of the boys, but those who were past the tenderfoot and second-class scout tests, had no trouble in adapting themselves to conditions and looking out for themselves.

Assembly before swimming call this afternoon, with a gentle rain falling, found every scout in line. "How do you like camping in the rain?" asked Scoutmaster Crooke, as two long lines of scouts stood at attention. "Fine; it's all right," came back a chorus. "Like to be home?" they were asked. "No; we're all right!" they shouted. "Good enough, boys," said the scoutmaster. "Get into your bathing suits." Five minutes later seventy-five yelling scouts were splashing water in the Nodaway. It was still raining.

During the swimming hour nineteen boys, who are taking tests to become first-class scouts, took the swimming test, which requires the scout to swim fifty yards. All but one negotiated the distance in great shape, and many would have been able to do a greater distance. The distance was staked off in advance and half the distance was up stream, turning and swimming down to the starting point. It was a pretty exhibition of swimming and as each squad of four crossed the finish line the bunch yelled approval.

After swimming hour a huge camp fire was built and the process of drying out started, a big open space in the rear of the camp, looking like a big out-doors' laundry, while scouts in every conceivable manner of attire, from full uniform to bathing suits and nightgowns, hustled around to get things in shape for night—and the mess call—for swimming puts a razor-edge on appetite.

The wood and water detail had a bad day. Most of the wood was water-soaked, the cook's fire didn't want to burn, and the water had to be hauled for nearly a quarter of a mile, six or eight trips having to be made during the day. The detail fell to the Ravenwood scouts, and they were on the job all day in good humor all the time. They're real scouts, that Ravenwood bunch.

The Maryville Troop 2 scouts had a hard detail, too, having to hike to Skidmore for supplies, but Scoutmaster Marve Peery and his bunch scorned assistance of teamsters, who offered to take them in through the mud, and pulled their loaded trek cart through the muddy roads in the rain, getting back to camp before dinner. They had hardly stopped their cart in front of headquarters until there was a rush and—"Where's my chewing gum, Dutch?" "Didja get that candy for me, Fatty?" "Aw, why didn'tja get more cakes than this?" and various and sundry other pertinent questions came thick and fast. The detail for supply hikes are popular, likewise the detail for kitchen and grub duty. The popularity of the latter is due to the belief that Cook Gooden sometimes turns his back when a fellow is handling the cookies or the apple butter.

The hospital and first-aid tent did a rushing business today. Bruises, cuts, blisters, poison ivy, "chiggers," stomachaches, colds, and even warts, have been treated. Some of the entries in the troop sugeon's report reveal the nature of the injury: "Put dressing on Maxon Jones' toe;" "fixed Eldon Green's finger;" "put dressing on Graham for poison ivy; used boric acid and menthol;" "treated about 100 chigger bites." "treated Yehle's wart and dressed it."

The Skidmore bunch of thirty-five were expected in camp this evening. With no word received at a late hour, guess they have decided to wait for clear skies to make the trip.

Twenty or thirty visitors from Skidmore, Burlington and Maitland visited the camp last night and were interested spectators in a team contest in first-aid demonstration of carrying wounded persons and a demonstration of bandaging wounds by the officers in charge.

The first camp fire has been planned for tonight, when stories will be told and songs sung, while a number of original and novel stunts are on the program.

Returned After Visit.

Miss Doris Gray, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Gray of Pickering has returned from Lincoln, Neb., where she spent several weeks visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Alexander of that place.

OLD PAPERS for sale at this office.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Sunday Services at Local Churches

First Methodist.

Gilbert S. Cox, pastor.
Sunday school at 9:30.
Morning worship at 10:45.
Anthem: "Behold There Shall Be a Day"—Schnecker.
Sermon: "Building the Kingdom."
Epworth League at 7.
Evening worship at 8:00.
Anthem: "Nearer My God to Thee"—Shelley.
Sermon: "Does the War Indicate the Coming of Christ?"

First Christian.

C. Emerson Miller, pastor.
Sunday school at 9:30.
Morning worship at 10:45.
Anthem: "Ye Men of Israel"—E. K. Heyser.
Offertory: "Offertoire" — Edmund Missa.
Sermon: "Joy and Peace in Believing."
Evening service at 8:00.
Anthem: "If a Man Die"—Lerman.
Offertory: "Eventide"—A. Diana.
Sermon: "Job's Three Friends."

First Presbyterian Church.

S. A. Colle, pastor.
Sunday School at 10 o'clock. C. E. Wells, superintendent.
Anthem: "Lord, Who Dwellest On High." (Handel-Gray.)
Christian Endeavor at 7.
There will be no evening service.

First Baptist.

Sunday school at 9:30.
I. E. Tebow, superintendent.
John Spickerman will have charge of the services, both morning and evening, at the regular hour.
B. Y. P. U. at 7:00.

South Methodist Church.

R. C. Holliday, pastor.
Sunday school at 10.
Morning worship at 11:00.
Sermon, "A Single Eye."
Teachers' Training Class, 6:45.
Epworth League at 7.
Evening worship at 8:00.
Sermon by the pastor.

First Church of Christ Scientist.

206 South Main street.
Sunday school at 9:30.
Morning worship at 11 o'clock.
Subject Lesson Sermon, "Life."
No Sunday night service.
Midweek prayer service at eight o'clock Wednesday night.
Reading room has been changed to the church building on South Main treet. Open from 2 until 5 o'clock on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.
Every one welcome to the reading room and to all the services.

St. Patricks Church.

Father Henry F. Niemann, pastor.
High mass, 8 o'clock.
Low mass, 9:45 o'clock.
Evening devotions at 7:30.

St. Mary's Church.

Father Odilio Schieber, O. S. B. pastor.
Low mass, 8 o'clock.
Low mass, with hymns, 10 o'clock.
Evening worship at 7.

Will Make Trip to Colorado.

W. H. Davenport returned Thursday night from Rye, Colo., where he has been looking after his alfalfa crop. While there Mr. Davenport purchased a 640 acre ranch, and next week he will leave in company with his wife and daughter, Miss Edna, for that place. The trip will be made in a car.

Take this ad to your druggist and he will give you, *free of charge*, a trial packet of Soul Kiss Face Powder. Go now.
Meyer Bros. Drug Co., St. Louis

Get —
Soul Kiss
Face Powder at
GAUGH & EVANS
We sell Satisfaction.

ALL NEXT WEEK

Our Great July Clearance Sale

Will last all next week. Come any day and take advantage of the bargains offered.

Haines

The Store Quality and Spot Cash Built.

Mr. and Mrs. William Job, Sr., entertained at dinner Thursday for Mr. Honaday and Mrs. Lucinda Richardson, of this city, who was celebrating her 79th birthday that day. The guests were, besides the honor guests: M. D. Young, St. Joseph; Miss Daisy Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Wright, Mrs. Edison Blagg, Mrs. W. A. Blagg, Mrs. Sarah E. Wright, Henry Wright and Mrs. Rebecca Gray.

Mrs. Wolfers Will Have Guests.

Misses Mildred Sprague, Dorothy Bell and Minnie Buzard, of St. Joseph, will visit next week with Mrs. Robert Wolfers, of Hopkins.

C. E. Ballenger and daughter, Ella, returned last night from Holton, Kan., where they have been visiting Mr. Ballenger's sister, Mrs. Harve Lasswell.

Mrs. D. E. McDonald returned last night from Junction City, and Milford, Kan., where she has been visiting relatives.

Returned From Vacation Trip.

Miss Beatrice Growney, who has been spending her vacation in St. Joseph, arrived home last night, and was on duty this morning at the Remus Mercantile store. Miss Growney was accompanied home by her brother, Rev. Father Phillip Growney, of Portland, Ore., who has also been visiting in St. Joseph.

Bert Raines and family were over from Maryville Sunday in their automobile to visit at the John W. Raines home. Bert was all dressed up in the Maryville Home Guard uniform, he being a member of the organization, which is getting considerable reputation for being well drilled and making a splendid appearance on parade.—Rock Port Mail.

To Hopkins Sunday.

One hundred members of the Presbyterian congregation, including the choir, will accompany the pastor, Dr. S. A. Colle, to Hopkins for church services Sunday evening.

ELECTRIC | NOW SHOWING | THEATRE

Our Motto: Fair Play, Quality, Service, Courtesy.

BESSIE LOVE, in
The Sawdust Trail

A story of how a child's love of the circus brought father and daughter together. A glittering Triangle production. A tan bark queen at last. You will like it. Also splashes of merriment all star Triangle comedy player in "HIS SUDDEN RIVAL."

Let Us Show You.

Shows—7:45 and 9:15. 10 and 15c, plus War Tax.

Our System: Fair Prices, Good Order, Prompt Action, Genuine Goods.

NOTICE

I am now permanently located in the office formerly occupied by J. G. Grems, 312½ North Main Street, over Eversole's Dry Goods Store, due west of Court House.

Be sure and see me if you want to buy or sell Farms, City Property or Western Land.

I write Insurance of all kinds and do Notary Work

A. S. ROBEY

PHONES—Hanamo 202; Farmers 16

HEALTH FOR HAPPINESS

Health is easily the most important condition of happiness.

A little money in the bank comes next.

The two together almost guarantee the happiness.

How about the money end of it?

It will give us pleasure to demonstrate what this bank can do for you.

A visit implies no obligation to do business with us.

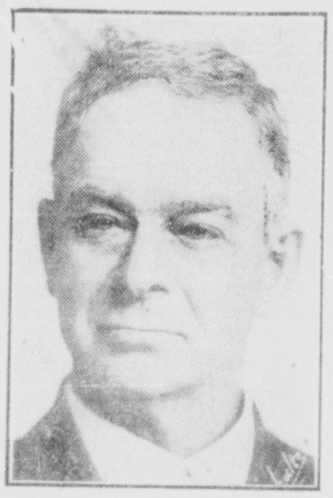
Farmers Trust Co.

Geo. L. Wilfley, Pres.
W. C. Pierce, Vice-Pres.
C. D. Bellows, Vice-Pres.
Geo. E. Ellison, Vice-Pres. & Counsel
S. H. Kemp, Cash. & Sec'y
A. K. Frank, Ass't Sec'y
H. D. Snyder, Ass't Sec'y
A. W. Hoover, Attorney

[POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT] [POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT] [POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT] [POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT] [POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT] [POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT] [POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT]

The Plague of Lawyers in Congress

PLAIN FACTS



What is Congress? Congress is a body composed, according to the confession of its own members, printed in the Congressional Directory of 378 lawyers, four men educated in law schools, and 149 other persons. Roughly, it is made up of 382 lawyers and 149 non-lawyers.

In the Senate there are 76 lawyers and 20 others. In the House of Representatives there are 306 lawyers and 129 persons who have not the lawyer's method of thinking about what the national legislature should do.

How about the farmers in Congress? There are just six of them in the House. In the Senate the farmers number three.

And how about labor's representation in Congress?

There are just four men who represent the wage earners in the House. In the Senate there are NONE AT ALL.

Add up the six farmers and the four men from the labor group and you have just ten men in Congress who speak for the **food products** and the **goods producers** of the **nation.**

Farmers and wage workers comprise two-thirds of the voters in the United States. Lawyers comprise less than one per cent of the voters.

Farmers and wage earners outnumber the lawyers 67 to 1.

Room for 290 Wage Earners and Farmers in Congress

Suppose the next Congress were to be composed of men who represented in fair proportion the size of the labor element, the business element, the farmer element and the lawyer element of the United States; then the House which has 435 members would have 145 labor representatives, 145 farmers and just 4 lawyers with 41 members from the business, medical and professional groups in our population.

The Senate's 96 members would include 32 farmers instead of three, and 32 labor spokesmen instead of NONE AT ALL, and the lawyers would have just one representative instead of 76 as at present.

If the labor element and the farmers had as many members in Congress as the lawyers have at the present time the national law making body would be far more useful to the people.

Think of the long, slow heart-breaking process of getting through Congress the farm loan law, the shipping act, and the seaman's act—three of the constructive pieces of legislation that have marked the last four years. Think of the months of weary argument offered in opposition of these measures by the lawyers in the House and Senate. Then look over the list of delegations from the states when the farmers and organized wage-workers could have sent their own spokesmen to Washington to handle this business.

How The States Are Served

Alabama has in the House a solid block of ten lawyers; in the Senate one lawyer and one farmer.

Arizona has a business man in the House and two lawyers in the Senate.

Arkansas has a solid delegation of lawyers in the House and Senate.

California is more nearly reasonable, with one of the most active labor movements in the country it sends six lawyers, one labor man, two newspaper proprietors, one clerical worker, and one business man to the House, and two lawyers to the Senate.

Colorado sends two lawyers to the Senate and two lawyers, one business man and one newspaper man to the House.

Idaho sends two lawyers to the Senate and two lawyers to the House.

Illinois has two lawyers in the Senate, eighteen lawyers, seven business men, one newspaper man and one doctor in the House.

Indiana has a lawyer and a newspaper publisher in the Senate, eleven lawyers, one business man and one educator in the House.

Kansas has two lawyers in the Senate, six lawyers and two business men in the House.

Minnesota sends two lawyers to the Senate, eight lawyers, one labor man and one newspaper man to the House, NO FARMERS THERE.

Missouri sends two lawyers to the Senate and fourteen lawyers, one banker and one preacher to the House. No farmer or labor representative.

Montana is represented in the Senate by two lawyers and in the House by one lawyer and one social worker.

Nebraska with one lawyer and one newspaper man in the Senate, has three lawyers, one salesman and two bankers in the House.

North Dakota has a lawyers and a banker in the Senate and two lawyers and a farmer in the House.

Oklahoma has two lawyers in the Senate, with six lawyers, one banker and one merchant in the House.

South Dakota sends one banker and one lawyer to the Senate, and two lawyers and one banker to the House.

Texas sends two lawyers to the Senate, to the House it contributes sixteen lawyers, one banker and one merchant.

Washington has two lawyers in the Senate and three lawyers, one newspaper man and one farmer in the House.

Wisconsin has two lawyers in the Senate and in the House ten lawyers and one labor union member.

Wyoming has one banker and one cattleman in the Senate and one banker in the House.

Years ago, when anyone raised the question of jamming the Senate and House full of lawyers, and crowding out the farmers and working men into the long corridors of the capitol where the guides offer to show visitors around at two bits each, the old political bosses would laugh scornfully and remark that "You poor fool, don't you know that it takes a lawyer to handle the job of making law? Don't you know that farmers and laboring men would be helpless in Congress? Why they are the easy marks for every designing political **scalawag that** comes along. Put lawyers in the Senate and in the House and they will stand on their own feet."

That sounds fine. Every liberal who hoped to get into public life saw that he must study law. When he became a lawyer he had to live on the law business. He had to work for the people who hired lawyers, and while some of them became liberal leaders in Congress through the fact that they were lawyers, most of them never got into public life.

Meanwhile, stand pat lawyers, backed by **special privileges,** flocked into Congress and proceeded to control the making of law.

In the course of years, public distrust of lawyers became so great that the idea of establishing a law drafting bureau in connection with state legislatures and Congress grew popular.

Congress **voted funds** for a legislative reference and a law-drafting bureau in connection with the library of Congress. Men competent to draw bills and resolutions which would properly carry out any idea within the authority of Congress to act upon, were employed, and they are **on the job today.**

With these plain facts before you, my fellow **farmer and wage-earner,** do you not think it is time for a change?

ROBERT I. YOUNG.

In announcing myself as a candidate for the important office of Representative in Congress, subject to Democratic primaries, August 6, 1918, I feel it my duty to my fellow farmers and laboring men to express my views of the peculiar conditions that now exist.

The Hon. Secretary of the Interior has recommended that one million, nine hundred thousand dollars be appropriated to tile drain the seepage land in the irrigated districts of the West. His claim is that if the swamps (caused by the use of too much water on the upper lands) were tiled that this waste land would produce enough grain and vegetables in ten years to pay for the work.

If the Hon. Secretary would take time to come to the Platte Purchase we could easily convince him that a better place to spend the money would be on the streams in the Fourth Congressional District of Missouri. In the years 1915 and 1917 there were in our district disastrous floods that ruined the crops on 651,000 acres. Had this land been planted to corn, and an average crop of 50 bushels per acre been raised each of the two years named, and corn sold at current price, it would have brought the enormous sum of ninetly-seven million, six hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

I am in favor of asking the Government for the money to improve this land. What say you, my farmer friend?

When Mr. Hoover placed the price of two dollars a bushel on our wheat the farmers of the United States were deprived of seventy millions of dollars! How? The report of the Hon. Secretary of Agriculture placed the number of bushels of wheat produced in the State of Missouri at one hundred and forty million bushels. Wheat was selling at $2.50 per bushel, when the price was reduced. Who got the seventy million; the consumer? No! As soon as the price was fixed at $2 per bushel flour went up from $5.80 to $6.20 per hundred.

The profit hogs were not satisfied with the $70,000,000 raked off the farmers, but opened their rapacious maws, and swallowed $46,000,000 by robbing the consumers.

I do not charge Mr. Hoover with taking this money. He was not trained to look upon the side of the producer and consumer, but has allowed himself to be gulled by the profiteers. I believe Mr. Hoover is trying to do his duty as he sees it. He has a tremendous responsibility; and we farmers and wage-earners should try to get him to see things as the majority see them, and not as the few who are making millions out of the sweat and toil of the farmers and laboring men.

Mr. Kennedy says: "The farmers are slackers, and unpatriotic." Perhaps so! Here is the difference between the patriotism of profiteers who make $4,000,000,000 a year, and the patriotism of those who sweat that they may make the $4,000,000,000 a year. If I can make that as clear to you as it is to me, and the press will publish it as clear as we get it, and tell the rest of the people of the United States the truth about it, there will be no misunderstanding about the farmers and wage-earners of the West from now on.

I would warn you, however, not to expect too much of the newspapers. They must live, and it is a sore temptation to see a poor editor who borrowed 5 cents to pay for his breakfast dispensed from the Ballinger building, and jingling five hundred dollars in his pockets in the evening. It's hard to resist the gambols of the railroad boys, for they have bought forty newspapers in the Fourth Congressional district. Look out for this **Railroad Candidate.** He cannot serve the people and the railroads at the same time.

But, I am diverging. I want to say that whenever the farmers, laboring men and consumers have an organization as strong as the profiteers, who are able to keep men right at Hoover's elbow all the time, he will see things as we see them and not as they see them, then Mr. Hoover will put a price on what the consumer has to buy as well as on what the producer has to sell. If you can't send the lobby, then elect men to Congress who have backbone and stamina enough to represent your interests. It may be treason to say that the producers and consumers have not been fairly treated in the price fixing deal, but in the words of Patrick Henry: "If that be treason, make the most of it!"

All the workers these last several months, since this nation got into the war, have been doing in the city and on the farm is to provide the necessaries of life and war, to feed the people of the world and its armies of liberty.

While they have been doing that, certain of her gentlemen, not so busy, leaving this less important work of providing beans, bread, pork and beef for everybody to eat—leaving this for the farmers, who know how, these other gentlemen who have not been so busy, have spent a good deal of their time announcing their patriotism. They have got a little the start of us. That is all the difference. Five or six billion dollars of war profits will pay for a pretty good sized announcement. The farmers have raised the produce and provided for the feeding of the world and the armies of liberty, and the workers in the city have provided amply for all those material things necessary to win the war, and have given up their sons to fight in the trenches.

When the farmer works long hours or when the laboring man puts in ten hours hard work at the forge, planer, lathe or trip hammer, or works all day in the mine or mill—at the end of the day he has spent so much of his energy in the patriotic effort to do something for his country that he does not have much energy left to wave the flag and talk about it. He goes to sleep.

Others who leave the little business to us of producing all these necessities to us, whose hands are white and whose skins are soft—have more time to wave the flag. If we spent as much time waving the flag as they do, we would all starve to death.

The kept press, the newspapers owned or controlled by those who make four or five billions a year, and the mouths of some gentlemen have been full of professions of patriotism, coming from men whose pockets bulge with the gold stolen from us.

They are not patriots because they possess billions and billions of dollars in war profits wrung from the agony and sweat and toil of starving men and women. The possession of these billions of dollars of war profits in the pockets of these profiteers—their arms red to the elbow in the blood of this nation, is proof that they are not patriots. For in the language of the highest authority in the United States, "patriotism and profits do not go together." Then, in a time of the world's crisis, in a time of the nation's needs, if they are not patriots, what are they?

Get a German helmet, place it upon their head, and you see the Kaiser himself. It is absolutely the only conclusion you can come to. Patriotism consists of doing something for the good of the nation, or sacrificing something for the nation's good. Patriotism is based upon justice, not upon robbery.

At a time when this nation needs every ounce of its energy, when its very life hangs in the balance, when liberty and democracy over all the world hangs by a thread, these vultures are sucking our life-blood, and they have so far succeeded in misleading some of the American people that they are called patriots! And a farmer who thinks it is wrong to dock him 20 cents because a bushel of wheat has five ounces of barley or rye in it is called a Pro-German. And the farmer who objects to the price of wheat being reduced 50 cents per bushel and the price of flour being raised 40 cents per hundred after the reduction is a traitor. Many people have been led to believe that the farmers are trying to raise the price of wheat to the level of price charged for coal, iron and manufactured products. We have not got the nerve to do that. If we should get as much for wheat, according to what it costs to produce it, as they are getting for coal and steel, we would have so much money we could not carry it around. We are not used to handling so much money. More than that, we have got to spend our time plowing, seeding and reaping and feeding the stock.

I am not complaining of the price of wheat and no other farmer I have heard is complaining.

All we ask is that the government will fix the price on everything else on the same basis as it has fixed the price on wheat. We do not ask the price the profit hogs have to sell. We invite the coal and steel men to come in with us. The water is fine.

According to this American democracy, as I understand it, a rule that should apply to one group of citizens should apply to another group as well.

I refuse to believe that America has been Prussianized yet. Until I am compelled to stop, I am going to shout from the housetops that it is our duty to support the government in its program to fix prices, and I am going to continue to believe, as I do now, that except for the influence of those over-patriotic gentlemen of iron and coal and steel that we would be getting a square deal today. But the only means we can follow to out-do them is to bring to bear on our government an influence that will beat theirs. You have got to out-do them at their own game. The farmers must organize, send a lobby to Washington at great expense, or elect farmers to Congress, who have the interests of the people at heart, and who are willing to work unceasingly to right the wrongs of the farmer and laboring man and woman.

We do not oppose the draft, but when our sons are drafted and sent to the trenches in France, they are required to give their all for their country. The men, who are making millions out of their blood, that is spent so freely that democracy may not perish from the face of the earth, should pay the war debt instead of piling up millions that will tend to autocracy when the war is over. It is our duty to support the government, and see to it that the buccaneers that are robbing us do the same thing.

We must see that the billions and billions that must be raised to finance this war for liberty and democracy—billions that will be wrung out of the sweat and toil of the fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters, of the soldier boys—billions that must be paid back when the war is over, it is absolutely our duty to do all we can to see that too many billions do not stick to the fingers of the profit hogs.

If we can do that, if we can see that these billions, instead of falling into the pockets of the profiteers, shall go to pay the workers in the mine, the workers in the shop and factory, the shipbuilder, the leather worker, the farmer, all those who produce the things that are needed—if we see that those millions go to the workers, they will have enough to pay for bread and meat and clothe their children.

If we can do that—support the government in its purpose to fix prices so that all those gentlemen will have to sell their products on the same basis as the farmer now sells his wheat—it will only be a short time before they wil come with the mines and the mills and the railroads and the rest, and say "here, take these things over—I don't want them any more." For these gentlemen of coal and steel and iron and leather won't produce what their country needs in time of war for liberty and democracy. They will not do it. Their patriotism does not go that far. Their brand of patriotism does not enable them to make or produce anything at a normal profit. Their kind of patriotism requires war profits to make it work. But the farmer will produce wheat at less than cost to feed the armies of liberty. He is used to that. He has been at it all his life. That is why his farm is mortgaged, why he keeps his children out of school to keep the mortgage from growing too fast.

You know where the children of the manufacturers of steel and iron get their education. At Harvard and Yale, where your boys would like to go. But about the only place your boy gets a chance to find out anything is in the public school. Now, the patriotism of the working class is a different kind than the patriotism of the war hogs. I know it is a better kind, because the farmer's patriotism and the laboring man's patriotism enables them to go on producing at less than cost, to feed the world in its time of need. And I want to say to you right here, in support of your patriotism, that even though we must pay five, or six, or eight billions of dollars of tribute every year to these pirates in order to get them to produce guns, ammunition and things we have got to have to win the war—even though we must pay this tremendous tribute, there is still hope for liberty and democracy. Because the farmers and workers of this nation have got enough patriotism in their hearts to make up for the patriotism and manhood that the profiteers lack.

And if necessary we will go on and produce wheat, corn, pork and beans to feed the world and its armies of freedom—even with the profit vultures clutching at our throats, we will go on and make the world safe for liberty and democracy.

Now, I think if we can lower the price of the coal, iron and steel that they have to sell—compel them, by supporting the government in its program to lower prices; compel them to sell their products on the same basis which the farmer is now compelled to sell his wheat. When you do that the patriotism of the coal trust and the gentlemen who sell iron and steel, will be of a much better quality than what they have now.

It will not be as good as the farmer's is now, but it will be much better than theirs is now.

We can make something out of it, and if you can get some of that kind of patriotism into those gentlemen, by enabling the government to continue its program to reduce prices, and put that patriotism together with the patriotism the farmers and laboring men have got now, we will be able to bring the war into a successful close in a very short time. This war for liberty and democracy will be a great success, because we shall not only have secured liberty and democracy for all the rest of the world, but we shall have increased our home supply. And I fully believe that it is just as much our duty to make sure of liberty and democracy for our own children as it is to carry liberty and democracy to foreign children.

It is only the patriotism of the profiteers that would have us give up our liberty. For when we give up our liberty they can get everything else we have got. Farmers, organize, raise your voice, get together, announce your patriotism oftener, support your government in its program to lower prices, and this war will soon come to a very successful conclusion.

This nation will be able to bring this war to an end a great deal quicker than if you don't do that.

For two reasons: First, when you have manifested the will of the majority, and brought to bear a greater influence upon the National Congress and the profiteers than they feel now, and you have so far supported those who would represent you, if they could, that they have compelled the owners of coal, iron and steel, bacon and flour and bread to sell them on the same basis as the farmer sells his wheat, take as much profit out of their business as has been taken out of the business of wheat raising, and you take nearly all the profits out of all business.

As soon as you do that nobody will want to continue war longer than necessary to secure liberty and democracy.

We will all be determined to win the war for liberty and democracy, and German autocracy cannot stand against us.

The only place when you have done that where you will find any slackers will be among that bunch of plutocrats that is now robbing you blind. Ninety-five per cent of the people of this country want to win the war for liberty and democracy. Five per cent represent the profit hogs, and they do not care if the war lasts ten or one hundred years, if they are assured of their millions.

The President of the United States has said: "Profits and patriotism do not go together." When you back him up, and those with him, so that they can make that phrase a live phrase, and a fact, so that instead of industrial despotism in this country, where we have political liberty, we have also industrial liberty, when you do that the German government will not so easily be able to make the German people believe that the profiteers want to do with them what they are doing with us. And when you show the German people what can be done in a democracy where the people have a right to make their own government, they will turn against the German autocracy, and the German autocracy cannot stand against the German people and the American people. The daily newspapers, owned by autocracy have grossly slandered the farmers of America, and our purpose is as far removed from being a protest against the government's purpose to lower prices, as is the mid-day's sun from the darkest hell.

We have been grossly misrepresented. If there are any patriots in this world they are the farmers and Union laborers of the United States.

This war will cost billions. Those billions will be spent by our government to win the war for liberty and democracy. Part of it will be spent for ships, part for guns, for shoes, clothing, coal, steel, iron, leather and part of it will go into the bulging pockets of those who are making millions of profit today.

But a soldier boy cannot carry a gun unless he has food in his stomach. He can not dig a trench unless he has a strong body made by bread and meat. We have been calling for government control of prices. And we got them all right. But in our clamor for government control we overlooked a thing or two. We forgot, or neglected to see that the representatives of the profiteers were too large a part of our government, and so we got the government control too largely in behalf of the profiteers. They are today influencing this government in too large a measure, else they would not fix a price on coal twice that it was before the war, and else they would not be so long reducing the price of flour and bread after they have reduced the price of wheat. They have too great an influence, an influence that they can say for themselves: "We are going to have forty billions spent on this war, and what we do not have to pay the farmers for wheat to make bread for the soldier boys, we can use to great profits for ourselves." If, instead of too many profiteers in Congress, we would elect men like John Baer and a few others in the House, that would represent the majority instead of the few profiteers, what would those gentlemen do? Here is what our representatives would say: "We are going to have forty billions of dollars to prosecute this war. Now, we need coal and iron, where is the coal and iron? In the ground. Who put it there? The Great Ruler of the universe. Did he put a price on it? No! All right, then we will take it for war," and they want lumber and steel and lead. Where are those things? And they would say—these men representing the will of the majority, representing you men who have given your sons for the war if it is right to conscript the lives of our boys, it is right to conscript the coal, iron and lead in the ground.

Elect men to Congress who will represent the will of the people, and not the will of the profiteers.

I solicit the vote of every farmer and laboring man in this district, and if elected I pledge myself to work faithfully for the will of the majority.

Yours very truly,

ROBERT I. YOUNG.

ROBERT I. YOUNG

The Farmers' and Union Labor Candidate for Congress, Fourth Congressional District, Missouri

Primary Election, August 6th, 1918

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTS

THAT BRING RESULTS

RATES IN THIS COLUMN

Classified ads running three days or more will be inserted in this column for one-half cent per word each insertion. No ads taken for less than 25c for three days.

Ads running less than three days or interrupted insertions 1 cent per word each insertion.

Count the words; send money with the order. Ads should be in by twelve o'clock to insure insertion in this column same day.

These prices are for CASH with order. An extra charge of Five Cents will be made on all Want Ads when cash does not accompany the order.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Seed rye at $2.25 per bu. Karl Zimmerman, Farmers phone 8-17. 18-20*

FOR SALE—One Ford roadster, in good condition, 1916 model. Call Farmers 6-11. Henderson Aley. 18-20*

FOR SALE—Kitchen cabinet and sanitary couch. 509 E. 3rd. 18-20*

FOR SALE—500 bushels good sound yellow seed corn. James Vert, Wilcox. 18-20

FOR SALE—Ford roadster, also touring car; both in good condition. Russell Bagby, Farmers' Garage. 19-20

FOR SALE—Those wanting good seed wheat give me your orders before July 27. C. W. Shinabargar, Hanam) 552-F. 19-20*

FOR SALE—Sorghum mill, 2-horsepower. Thomas Walton, Skidmore. Farmers 31-22, or address Quitman. 19-22*

MISCELLANEOUS

GOVERNMENT NEEDS 20,000 CLERKS at Washington. Examinations everywhere in August. Experience unnecessary. Men and women desiring government positions write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard (former Civil Service Examiner) 47 Kenois Bldg., Washington. 20-27*

TWO FARM SNAPS—160 acres at $120 acre; also 240 acres at $125, good terms. G. B. Holmes. 15-20

FOR RENT—Six room, modern cottage, close in. Address Democrat-Forum. 18-20

WANTED—H rse pasture. Inquire S. W. Nicholas, Farmers 28-12. 18-20

GENTLEMAN wants board and room with private family, or small boarding house; conveniences; will pay well; close in preferred. Add. H. B., care Democrat-Forum.

VIOLIN, Piano, Ukulele and Ukulele Banjo lessons at Conservatory 50c each. 20-23

WANTED—Young man to learn watchmaking trade. Splendid chance for one who is energetic to make himself proficient in all branches of the jewelry business. H. L. Raines.

JUNK! JUNK!

Don't waste or sell your junk before you see me. I guarantee the highest prices and satisfaction to everybody. For information call Hanamo 116, Farmers 176. Maryville Iron and Metal Co., at Glover & Alexander's Mill. 19-25*

FOUND—Automobile wheel and tire between Ravenwood and Clyde. Owner can have same by paying for this ad. The wheel can be seen at the Joe Bollin farm, 4 miles southeast of Ravenwood. Matthew O'Reilly. 20-23

MARKET REPORTS

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Grain Market Future.

Kansas City, July 20.—CORN—July $1.51⅜.

Kansas City Live Stock

Kansas City, July 20.—CATTLE — Receipts, 1,000 no trade.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,000 top, $18.25; bulk, $18.00@$20.00.

Chicago Live Stock

Chicago, July 20. — CATTLE—Receipts, 3,000 market steady.

HOGS—Receipts, 7,000; market 10 higher.

St .Joseph Live Stock

St. Joseph, July 20.—CATTLE—Receipts, 300; market steady.

HOGS—Receipts, 3,000; market 5 higher; top, $18.25.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Eggs, per doz.	30c
Cream, per lb.	41c
Hides, per lb.	12c
Hens, per lb.	25c
Bucks, per lb.	12c
Geese, per lb.	10c
Old Roosters, per lb.	12c

George Robb Ellison and W. C. VanCleve returned today from Kansas City, where they attended a conference of party workers over the state.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO DRIVE THE HUNS BACK

(Continued from page 1.)

ar salient which has Soissons, Reims and Chateau as its points, and successfully withstand a terrific counter attack by the Germans on the plateau southwest of Soissons, where the Allied guns dominate this important strategic town.

The gains of Friday were carried to their greatest depth in the center of the twenty-five mile line and on the southern flank northwest of Chateau Thierry, where the Americans are holding forth.

While it is not possible as yet geographically to determine with exactitude the gains made in the two days' fighting along the front by the French and Americans, it is known that at its deepest point the penetration has reached approximately seven miles and that over the entire twenty-five miles it ranges down to about two miles.

HUNS PARTIALLY ADMIT VICTORY

Berlin, via London, July 20.—Admission is made in the German official communication issued yesterday that the allied troops, through a surprise counter offensive on Thursday, broke into the German front infantry and artillery lines at isolated points between the Aisne and the Marne and forced back the German line. Later a strengthening of the German positions prevented the allies from breaking through, the statement claims.

REAL COUNTER OFFENSIVE LATER

Washington, July 20.—War Department officials expect the real counter offensive against the Germans to be launched later in the present year. This was disclosed yesterday to members of the house military affairs committee by General March, chief of staff, who indicated that the employment of possibly eight American divisions in the present double battle on the Aisne-Marne-Reims front would not affect materially plans to hurl overwhelming man power into the great struggle to come when the effort to beat the enemy back off French and Belgian soil begins.

It was made plain that the smashing attack of Franco-American forces on the Aisne-Marne line is regarded as only a minor operation in comparison to what is to come.

Will Leave for Ohio.

Kirker Sawyers, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Sawyers, of 620 N. Main street, will leave either tonight or tomorrow night for New Concord, Ohio. Mr. Sawyers will teach in the summer school at Muskingum College for the rest of the summer session and will go from there to Buffalo, Ohio, where he will have charge of the schools for the coming year. Mr. Sawyers is taking up teaching after failing three times to physically qualify for military service.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend our heartfelt thanks to our friends and neighbors for the kindness and sympathy shown us during the illness and death of our beloved son, Henry, and for the beautiful floral offerings.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Goodson and family. 20*

Caught in Belt of Engine.

In trying to stop a gasoline engine in his garage yesterday, Robert Smith of Quitman was caught in the belt and suffered a broken leg and ankle.

Smith was immediately taken to his home, where he received medical attention. He is reported improved today.

Mark Basford to Waterloo.

Mark Basford, of Waterloo, Ia., who has been visiting his mother, Mrs. Anna Basford, for the last ten days, returned yesterday to Waterloo. He will leave Monday with a contingent of men for Camp Pike, Ark.

Forty acres of the farm of Thurman Carmichael, near Pickering, was sold yesterday to T. L. McClurg for $5,400. This tract of land, with ninety-seven acres, was bought a number of years ago for $1,500 by Star Carmichael.

Miss Hazel Sheridan leaves this afternoon for Colorado, where she will spend her vacation with friends and relatives.

H. S. Staples, Roy Trussler, Fred Flemming and J. Dalrymple, of Burlington Junction, drove to St. Joseph today.

Mrs. Marie Cox has just returned from a week's visit in St. Joseph with relatives and friends. Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Snowden and Mrs. Bertha Freeman.

FOR SALE BY
Maryville Drug Co., Maryville, Mo.

Soldier's Letters

LETTER FROM LIEUT. DEAN.

Lieut. Leslie E. Dean, who is stationed at Camp McArthur, Waco, Tex., writes as follows:

"I landed in camp O. K. Have been assigned to the X-ray laboratory. I haven't found anything in particular to do, as they have a first-class equipped laboratory, with three assistants. We average about sixty examinations a day. Our sergeant runs the machine and another does the developing of plates, and one is a roustabout, but all three get out typewritten reports on all cases.

"We do gastro-intestinal work two half days in a week. Flourescopic every morning and plate reading each morning of the plates made the day before. Everything seems to be working by the clock. The lieutenant in charge is a Michigan man. I like him fine. He has been very kind to me. There are a lot of things to do after you arrive at camp, and it seems it is no one's particular business to tell you what to do, or how to proceed, but just find out for yourself.

"I have very nice quarters in the barracks. A room about 10x12, furnished with table, chairs and cot, with toilet and shower bath down the hall. Our dining hall nearby for the medical officers only. About forty or fifty eat there. The mess is as nice as one would want. This is Sunday, nothing to do this p. m.

"Last night I acted as officer of the day for my laboratory partner. I slept in the wards, and was called up four times to look after patients. About once a month each officer has that job for twenty-four hours. He also makes an inspection of all the wards.

"I am wearing a flannel shirt, most of them do here. The days are sure hot, also some of the nights. I am going to a baseball game this afternoon here on the grounds. The hospital has a band and tennis court and a fine new swimming pool at hand."

GRAHAM CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Elder Harlan will preach at Maitland next Sunday morning and at Palestine in the evening.

Mrs. Harlan organized a Red Cross auxiliary at Gravelwall school house, Andrew county, last Tuesday night.

The ice cream social at Bethany for the benefit of the Red Cross netted the "Wrestlers" auxiliary $65. The large crowd made short work of the fifty gallons of cream. The cake sold at auction brought $25.

The Lyle auxiliary will have screens for their workroom. Every possible precaution is taken to keep the surgical dressings sanitary, and the fly is one of the Kaiser's best allies.

Sues for Divorce.

Bertie C. Kiphart filed suit for divorce against William H. Kiphart, in the circuit clerk's office for the September term of Circuit Court.

The petition states that Kiphart was convicted of arson at the September term of Circuit Court last year, and was given a three years' sentence to the penitentiary.

A divorce, the care and custody of six minor children, and the restoration of her maiden name, as Bertie C. Burch, are asked for.

Cook & Cummins are the attorneys for the plaintiff.

Is Regaining His Strength.

We are delighted to know that Right Rev. Frowin Conrad, O. S. B., the beloved Abbot of Conception Abbey, who recently journed from Conception to Cottonwood Falls, Idaho, where he is visiting, being a guest at St. Michael's Priory, withstood the fatigue of the journey in an excellent manner. The aged prelate was quite feeble when he left Conception, but reports from Idaho say that he is rapidly regaining his strength. The Abbot has made the trip to the Western priory every summer for a number of years.—St. Joseph Catholic Tribune.

A marriage license was issued this afternoon to James F. Goodson of Graham and Edna Pearl Johnson of Fillmore.

To Sanitarium for Treatment.

Mrs. Wayne Ingram, of Hopkins, who tried to committ suicide a few days ago, was taken yesterday to a sanitarium in St. Joseph for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Lyle and son, Mr. and Mrs. Burt Lewis and little daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mitchell will drive to Grant City tomorrow where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Phipps.

Leo Brady, of Clyde, left last night for St. Louis, where he will be examined for the United States Navy.

Mrs. William Donahue, of Maryville, and Mr. and Mrs. Jame sBrady, of Clyde, went to Tarkio this morning, called there by the death of an uncle, Mike Spellman.

FUNERAL TO BE HELD SUNDAY

Rites for W. F. Mercer Will Be Held at Mt. Ayr Church, East of Maryville Tomorrow Afternoon.

Funeral services for W. F. Mercer, who died yesterday morning at his home, east of Maryville, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the Mt. Ayr church. Burial will be in the Oak Hill cemetery.

Mr. Mercer was born in Wayne County, Ky., August 24, 1838, and came to Missouri in 1867. He was also married during that year to Miss Clarinda Wilson.

Mr. Mercer had been a resident of Nodaway County for sixty years, and for forty-one years on the farm where his death occurred.

Besides his wife he leaves eight children, Mrs. Lucinda Erickson, of Bellefourche, S. D.; Mrs. Leona Whited, Sidney, Mont.; Ben and Andy Mercer, of Sidney, Mont.; Levi Mercer, Hulett, Wyo.; Katie, at home, and Albert and Fisher, of Maryville. He is also survived by five brothers, Allen, of Colorado; Perry, of Ray County, Mo.; Arch, of Wayne County, Ky.; John, of Oklahoma, and Bart, of Grant City, and three sisters, Mrs. Lewis Wilson and Mrs. David Stuart, of Maryville, and Mrs. John Keefe, of Shenandoah. Two children, one brother and two sisters are dead.

81 YEARS OLD TOMORROW

Uncle Star Carmichael to Celebrate Birthday Anniversary—Has Always Voted Democratic Ticket.

Star Carmichael, of this city, will celebrate his 81st birthday tomorrow. He was born in Green County, Ind., and came to this county in 1860, and has since resided here. Nine children, twenty-one grandchildren, and nineteen great-grandchildren are living. The children are Joseph and Tom Carmichael, of near Pickering; Robert Carmichael, of Edmond, Okla.; William Carmichael, of St. Joseph; Mrs. Josephine Carter, Mrs. Martha Lamport, and Mrs. Mina Young, of Pickering; Mrs. Minnie Royston, of Maryville, and Mrs. Nellie Alden, of St. Joseph.

Uncle Star said he had always voted the Democratic ticket and was proud of it.

MRS. E. F. BROWN COMING

Will Speak at the Normal Next Friday Morning on Knitting To Address Auxiliaries at Red Cross Room.

Mrs. Edmund F. Brown, assistant to George W. Simmons, manager of the Southwestern Division of the American Red Cross, will be in Maryville next Friday, July 26, and will speak at the State Normal school at 9:45 o'clock that morning on the subject of knitting. Mrs. Brown requests the Red Cross Chapter to have delegates there. In the afternoon of that day at 2 o'clock, Mrs. Brown will talk to the various auxiliaries at the Red Cross room at 117 West Third street.

TEACHER AT HARMONY.

Miss Helen Holden, Daughter of Prof. P. G. Holden, Has Been Secured.

Miss Helen Holden, daughter of Prof. P. G. Holden, of Chicago, the corn man, has been employed to teach a rural school in the Harmony Consolidated district the coming year.

DEATH OF DAISY RONEY.

Died at Her Home in Quitman Yesterday Afternoon at 3 o'Clock.

Miss Daisy Roney, 34 years old died at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at her home in Quitman of tuberculosis from which she had suffered for years.

Miss Roney is survived by her mother and several sisters and brothers.

Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the Quitman Methodist church, conducted by the Rev. S. D. Harlan. Burial will be in the Quitman cemetery.

LIEUT. ROOSEVELT DEAD.

Paris, July 20.—German aviators yesterday flew over the escadrille to which Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt belonged, and dropped a note confirming his death, according to the Le Journal.

UNSUCCESSFUL AIR RAID.

London, July 20.—German aircraft, which tried to raid the southeastern coast this morning, were unsuccessful. They crossed the coast at Kent at 9:30 and fled to the sea when fired on.

To Eastern Port.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hanna and daughter, Hildred, went to Kansas City, where they met their son, Capt. Forrest Hanna, who was passing through from Camp McArthur, Texas, with a detachment of artillerymen to an Eastern port, where he expects to embark soon for overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bishop, E. F. Bishop, D. M. Bishop and Frank Bishop of Ravenwood drove Thursday to the Boy Scouts camp, south of Skidmore.

EXPECT A GOOD VOTE OUT

State Political Leaders Think Several Reasons Will Bring Out the Voters at the Primary Election.

St. Louis, July 20.—At all the state political headquarters early estimates big political parties are being inbig poltical parties are being increased. There are several reasons, one of them being the number of contests in congressional districts; another, the strong efforts the Missouri Anti-Saloon League are making to get out a full dry vote at the primary, and the interest that is attached to the contest in both political parties between candidates for United States Senator.

The only basis possible for estimates is the primary vote of two years ago, when the Democrats polled 194,255 votes for United States Senator, and the Republicans 189,555. It is not expected that this vote will be equalled by either party, for a great many young voters are in the war service, and the foreign vote will be greatly reduced, for it is held that former residents of countries at war with the United States cannot vote on their first papers until they complete their citizenship.

The Democratic primary vote of the state is variously estimated at from 100,000 to 125,000, and the Republicans at about 110,000.

CRUISER SAN DIEGO SUNK

All Members of the Crew and Officers Are Reported to Have Arrived at Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Washington, July 20.—The captain of the United States cruiser San Diego, which was sunk yesterday off Fire Island, believes his vessel torpedoed by a submarine, and has so officially reported to the naval authorities.

Officials here are inclined to believe that a floating mine, either one of our own harbor defenses, broken from its anchorage, or one strewn along the coast by a U-boat recently, was responsible.

New York, July 20.—All members of the crew and the officers of the San Diego are reported to have arrived safely at the Brooklyn Navy Yard this morning.

To Sanitarium for Treatment.

Mrs. William Donahue of Maryville and Mr. and Mrs. James Brady of Clyde went to Tarkio this morning, called there by the death of an uncle, Mike Spellman.

Leo Brady of Clyde left last night for St. Louis, where he will be examined for the United States navy.

Read Democrat-Forum Want Ads.

WATCH YOUR EYESIGHT

EYES EXAMINED FREE

Our expert graduate Optometrist will diagnose your eye troubles and tell you what you need. The service is free at

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Call Strong and Daniels for Painting and Modern Interior Decorating.

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Agency for Maxwell cars and trucks in Nodaway County. We have plenty of cars and can make delivery at any time.

Hameaulier

A Pure Bred Percheron Stallion.

A dark steel gray, weight 1,970, fine style and action. $15 to insure living colt to stand and suck. Will make the season of 1918 at the barn of J. R. Dowden, three-fourths mile east of Myrtle Tree.

Farmers F1-15.

Sergt. Ross Scott Overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Scott, living west of Maryville, received a cablegram yesterday from their son, Sergt. Ross Scott, that he had arrived safely overseas. Sergt. Scott was formerly stationed at Camp Funston, Kan.

Coming From Conway.

Miss Mame O'Grady and her brother, Dick, of Conway, Ia., will arrive in Maryville tomorrow for a visit with their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Dan O'Grady.

Spend Sunday in Bedford.

Misses Frankie and Ina Hollowell, Mrs. Alpha Bishop, Miss Irene Swinford and W. H. Swinford will drive to Bedford tomorrow, where they will spend the day with Miss Ethel Muntz.

Wayland Ford, of Columbia, is visiting in Maryville with friends.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE

CHILDREN

Should not be "dosed" for colds—apply "externally"—

Keep a Little Body-Guard in Your Home

VICK'S VAPORUB

25c—50c—$1.00

Eyes Tested Free
Glasses Fitted
WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION

H. L. Raines
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
110 W 3RST JUST A STEP PAST MAIN
MARYVILLE, MO.

AMERICAN PETROLEUM LEAGUE MEMBER

The Independent Oil Company
Maryville, Missouri

wishes to announce that the

New Service Station

Southeast Corner of Main and Fifth Streets
will be open for business

Saturday Morning, July 20

Gasoline Oils Greases
Free Air and Water
Prompt Service Courteous Treatment

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Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
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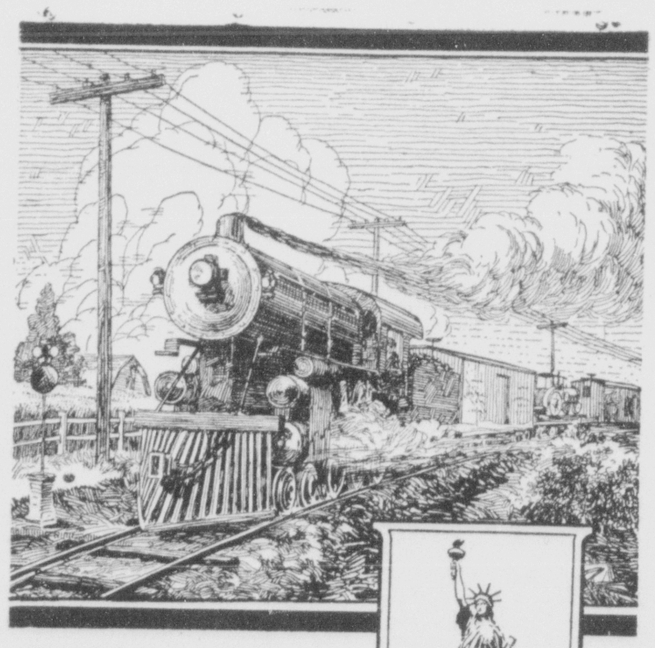

SPEED! More speed is essential to every business and industry because of the fewer persons available for labor. "An Hour More of Daylight" through the summer months will enable everyone to add to his or her personal efficiency. Speed up your business and your daily effort!

Save your money and deposit it in this Bank. Every cent you put to work here, helps make business better, helps to speed up industry and production in this community

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